Declaration of an Avian Influenza Prevention Zone

1. The Secretary of State has carried out a further risk assessment under article 6(1) of the Avian Influenza and Influenza of Avian Origin in Mammals (England) (No 2) Order 2006¹ (“the Order”).

2. To reduce the risk of the transmission of avian influenza to poultry and other captive birds from wild birds or any other source, the Secretary of State considers it necessary to declare parts of Lancashire, Cumbria and Merseyside set-out in Schedule 3 to be an Avian Influenza Prevention Zone.

3. All keepers of poultry and other captive birds in the Avian Influenza Prevention Zone must comply with the minimum biosecurity measures in Part 1 of Schedule 1 and where poultry or captive birds have access to outdoor areas, keepers must comply with the requirements of Part 2 of that Schedule.

4. All keepers of 500 or more poultry or other captive birds in any part of the Avian Influenza Prevention Zone must additionally comply with the measures in Schedule 2.

5. No person shall permit any poultry to be collected together at any fair, market, show, exhibition or other gathering in the Avian Influenza Prevention Zone. No person shall move any poultry from a premises in the Avian Influenza Prevention Zone to any fair, market, show, exhibition or other gathering wherever it is located.

6. These measures apply from 00.01 on Monday 15 May 2017 and shall remain in force until 00:01 on 14 June 2017 or until the declaration is otherwise amended or revoked by further declaration, whichever shall be sooner.

7. The Secretary of State declares that the Declaration made at 17:00 on 7 April 2017, and covering the whole of England, is hereby revoked and replaced by this declaration of an Avian Influenza Prevention Zone from 00:01 on Monday 15 May 2017.

8. This Declaration is made under article 6(1)(a) of the Order.

Signed:

Gordon Hickman
At 14.00 on 12 May 2017

Copies of this Declaration and of the Order are available via https://www.gov.uk/guidance/avian-influenza-bird-flu and from the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, Fifth Floor, Nobel House, 17 Smith Square, London SW1P 3JR.

Failure to comply with this Declaration may be an offence under section 73 of the Animal Health Act 1981.

¹ S.I. 2006/2702
Notes:

(1) Where avian influenza is confirmed in poultry or other captive birds at an individual premises, Protection and Surveillance Zones are declared to prevent the spread of disease beyond the area around the infected farm. Keepers of poultry or other captive birds kept within a Protection Zone or Surveillance Zone (or temporary control zones or other low pathogenic restricted zones) must comply with the biosecurity requirements declared specifically for such zones. This does not remove the obligation to comply with the additional biosecurity measures required by this Declaration, including enhanced biosecurity measures if the premises contains a large numbers of birds.

(2) Keepers of poultry or other captive birds located within a Protection Zone declared around an infected premises must comply with housing requirements for a Protection Zone.

(3) “poultry” means a bird reared or kept in captivity for the production of meat or eggs for consumption, or of other products, for restocking supplies of game or for the purposes of any breeding programme for the production of such categories of birds.

(4) “other captive bird” means a bird kept in captivity which is not poultry and includes a pet bird and a bird kept for shows, races, exhibitions, competitions, breeding or for sale.

(5) “keeper” for the purpose of this Declaration means any person who is responsible for poultry or other captive birds, whether on a permanent or temporary basis.

(6) “premises” for the purpose of this Declaration means any house, shed, aviary, range netted area which is used to keep poultry or other captive birds and includes contiguous ancillary areas such as bird feed bins, and storage of bird manure.

(7) “covered area” in Schedule 1 Part 2 paragraph 4 means that the area where feed and water are placed must be covered to prevent it being accessed or contaminated by wild birds. Placing feed on the ground or in uncovered troughs to which wild birds can gain access is not permitted.

(8) Nothing in this Declaration removes obligations on keepers of poultry or other captive birds from existing animal welfare requirements, and private veterinary advice should be sought by a keeper who is concerned about the suitability of housing conditions.

(9) Guidance these heightened biosecurity measures of birds may be found in Animal Health Act biosecurity guidance via https://www.gov.uk/guidance/avian-influenza-bird-flu.

(10) Anyone who keeps poultry or other captive birds must keep a close watch on them for any signs of disease, and must seek prompt advice from their vet if they have any concerns. For details of how to report suspicion of disease see www.gov.uk/guidance/avian-influenza-bird-flu.
Schedule 1 - Minimum biosecurity measures applying to all keepers

Part 1

Any keeper of poultry or other captive birds, irrespective of how they are kept, must take appropriate and practicable steps, that can be demonstrated to an inspector on request, to ensure that—

(1) precautions are taken to avoid the transfer of virus contamination between premises, including cleansing and disinfection of equipment, vehicles and footwear. Where there are more than 50 poultry or other captive birds, place foot dip containing Defra-approved poultry disinfectant at strategic points including at the entry and exit of all houses or outdoor areas where birds are kept, and footwear must be cleaned using the dips on entry and exit or alternatively footwear should be changed when moving between bird and non-bird areas;

(2) feed, water and bedding is not exposed to virus contamination;

(3) effective vermin control is carried out in any part of the premises where poultry or other captive birds are kept;

(4) the movement of people, vehicles or equipment to and from the part of the premises where poultry are kept is reduced to only essential movements for looking after their welfare, collecting eggs and feeding;

(5) records are kept (other than in a zoo) of all vehicles that enter any part of the premises where poultry are kept and of all people who come into any direct contact with the poultry.

Part 2

Outdoor range areas must be fenced to keep birds within the range and must be actively managed by the keeper to ensure that—

(1) the range area is not contaminated with feathers or faecal material from wild birds and take all reasonable steps to remove such contamination that may be present;

(2) access to open or standing water is restricted by fencing off and netting ponds, standing water, or waterlogged land to prevent access by poultry or other captive birds;

(3) there is no direct contact with poultry or other captive birds on other neighbouring premises;

(4) feed and water are kept and birds are fed indoors or under a covered area which sufficiently discourages the landing of wild birds and thereby prevent contact by wild birds with their feed or water;

(5) wild birds are not attracted to the vicinity of the outdoor area, in particular to standing water or ponds;

(6) measures are taken to discourage wild birds, in particular gulls and wild waterfowl, from entering the fenced outdoor areas;

(7) any carcases of wild birds are removed from the outdoor fenced range area; and

(8) there is regular cleaning and disinfecting of all concrete walkways, paths and similar surfaces to which poultry or other captive birds or wild birds have access.
Schedule 2 – Enhanced biosecurity measures for premises with over 500 poultry

(1) Any keeper of more than 500 poultry must, in addition to the minimum measures set out in Schedule 1, apply the following enhanced biosecurity measures in these separate parts of the poultry premises—

(a) a poultry (live-bird) part;
(b) a private (ancillary use) part; and
(c) a restricted access (bio-secure barrier) part.

(2) The following measures apply to a poultry (live-bird) part of the premises—

(a) access is restricted to essential authorised personnel only;
(b) keepers must operate effective barrier hygiene, including changing clothing and footwear, before entering and on exit from the live-bird part;
(c) only essential equipment and vehicles are permitted to enter the live-bird part;
(d) the exterior of any vehicles (particularly wheels and wheel arches) and equipment which enter or leave the live-bird part of the premises must be cleansed and disinfected on both entry and exit; and
(e) thorough cleansing and disinfecting (based on industry best practice) of housing and equipment must be undertaken at the end of a production cycle and before new birds are introduced; and
(f) records must be kept of vehicles and personnel entering and leaving the live-bird part.

(3) The following measures apply to a private (ancillary use) part of the premises—

(a) access is limited to essential personnel only, and full biosecurity practices should be adopted on entry and exit to the part of the premises;
(b) this part of the premises should be fully separated from the live-bird part with a clear demarcation;
(c) waste and fallen stock must be held in appropriately biosecure facilities in this part of the premises with clear separation between both the live-bird part and the restricted access bio-secure barrier part; and
(d) the exterior of any vehicles (focussing on wheels and wheel arches) which enters or leaves the part must be cleansed and disinfected on both entry and exit.

(4) The following measures apply to the restricted access (bio-secure barrier) part of the premises—

(a) access by the public should be controlled and only essential workers or contractors should enter this bio-secure barrier part; and
(b) non-essential vehicles must not enter this bio-secure barrier part.
Schedule 3 - Avian Influenza Prevention Zone

The Avian Influenza Prevention Zone comprises the following areas of Lancashire, Cumbria and Merseyside:
Barrow-in-Furness District
Blackpool Unitary Authority
Chorley District
Fylde District
Lancaster District
Preston District
Sefton District Metropolitan District
South Lakeland District
South Ribble District
West Lancashire District
Wyre District

This area is shaded purple on the attached map.
The interactive map is available at:
http://www.gisdiseasemap.defra.gov.uk/intmaps/avian/map.jsp